

ENGLISH RENDITION OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE MIZORAM  
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DURING THE 8TH SESSION HELD AT  
THE ASSEMBLY HALL FROM 23.9.75 - 3.10.75

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4TH SITTING ON 26TH SEPTEMBER, 1975 AT 11:00 A.M.

PRESENT

Pu H.Thansanga, Speaker in the Chair. Chief Minister,  
Six Ministers and 25 Members.

BUSINESS

1. Questions.
2. Announcement of new Members of Assembly Committees.
3. Private Members' Resolutions:

(Resolutions which are included in the List of Business for 25th September, 1975 but discussion on which is not concluded on that day, will be taken up depending upon the availability of time).

**SPEAKER :**

(Read Bible).

Now, we will take up Pu Lalkunga's Question, question No.31.

LOCAL ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT

Keeping of Sweepers at the residence of Officer.

\*31: **PU LALKUNGA:**

Will the Hon'ble Minister i/c of the Local Administration Department be pleased to state -

- (a) How many Sweepers are there under Local Administration Department- (Give District Wise?).
- (b) Are there Officers keeping sweepers at their residences?.
- (c) If so, why?.

**PU P. B. NEKHOMA :**  
**DY. MINISTER**

Mr. Speaker Sir,

- (a) 94 Sweepers in Mizawl District and 16 Sweepers in Lunglei Dist.
- (b) No.
- (c) Does not arise.

**PU LALKUNGA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, Supplementary Question. Is it a fact that out of those Servants/Sweepers employed by the Minister which numbered 17 7 persons employed by Officers and 2 persons for Office duty are really utilized as stated ? Besides, I would like to know the rank of these Officers who are using those Seven Sweepers/Servants?

**PU SAPLIANA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, If the Statement given by our hon'ble Minister was district-wise, Chhimituipui Dist. is not mentioned. Is there no provision made for the appointment of Sweepers in Chhimituipui District ?

**PU P.B. NIKHUMA DEPUTY MINISTER :** Mr. Speaker Sir, Though, I said that there was no Officer who keeps Office Sweepers to do his private works at home, there are Office Sweepers who reside in the residence of Officers. These Sweepers are mostly those who came from Villages or from other places and who have no houses/places to live in. Though they reside in Officers residences, each of them has specific duty to perform. For instance—One Sweeper, named Lalhlumawii is now residing in the residence of Asstt. Director, L.A.D., but, her duty is to discharge human wastes early in the morning. Like that, every Sweeper is detailed to discharge specific duty. And, as there is no separate house for the residence of Sweepers, it is likely that they stay in different households. Without our knowledge, most of the Govt. employees might keep Sweepers in their houses. But, as far as our knowledge is concerned each Sweeper has his/her own duty which is mostly to sweep/empty rubbish in the morning.

**PU C. LALRUATA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, Since he (the Minister) mentioned no other Officers, I would ask about the Asst. Director, L.A.D. who keeps Govt's Sweeper in his residence. Are they related? How the Sweeper could reside in his (Asst. Director) residence?

**PU P.B. NIKHUMA DEPUTY MINISTER :** Mr. Speaker Sir, Yes, they are related. The Sweeper, Lalhlumawii belongs to Khawdungsei village. As I have said before, her specific duty is to sweep and clean Jail's Latrines.

**PU CHAWNGKUNGA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, How many Sweepers can be allotted to the Ministers and to the Speakers ?

PU P.B. NIKHUMA  
DY. MINISTER :

Mr. Speaker Sir, Normally, 2 Sweepers are allotted to each Minister as well as to Speaker and Dy. Speaker.

As regards Pu Sapliana's question- We have no Sweeper under L.Z.D. Chhmtuipui District. If the D.C. has Sweepers, I think they are from their own establishment.

PU LALKUNGA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, I don't know why the Minister gave different statements regarding the presence of Sweepers in the residence of Officers. Anyway, what kind of action will be taken if I produce the names, and the period of their stay of those 7 Sweepers who were said to be staying in the residences of Officers ?

PU P.B. NIKHUMA  
DY. MINISTER :

Mr. Speaker Sir, I did not say that no Sweeper resides in the house of Officers. I only said that they (Sweepers) did not stay to do the household work of Officers. As I have said, each of them has specific duty. I have too their names here if you want to see it.

PU C. LALRUATA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, while the question (b) was 'Are there Officers keeping Sweepers at their Residences'. Our Hon'ble Minister, though said 'no' mentioned about the presence of Sweepers at the residences of Officers, which, in my opinion was quite a confused answer.

PU P.B. NIKHUMA  
DY. MINISTER :

Mr. Speaker Sir, As I have said before, I only said that no Sweeper stays at the residence of Officers to do the private works of Officers.

SPEAKER :

Question No. 32, Pu Dotinaia's Question-

\*32. PU R. DOTINAIA :

Will the Hon'ble Minister i/c of the Local Administration Department be pleased to state -

- (a) Is the Government aware that the steps running down from Zarkawt police point toward Electric Veng has been blocked for the last four/five months by rubbish, town refuses etc. at the very point where it connects the P.W.D. road near Power House as a result of which that step is unfit for the use of pedestrians?

(b) If so, what action has been taken by Government to remove the rubbish.

PU P.B.NIKHUMA  
DY. MINISTER :

Mr. Speaker Sir,

(a) Government was aware of this temporary accumulation of rubbish. As such, accumulation of rubbish has been removed and the area cleaned.

(b) Does not arise.

PU R.DOTINAIA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, I am glad that Government have done something about this step. Do they (Govt.) intend to keep it clean in future too?

PU CHAWNGKUNGA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, Not only at Electric Veng, accumulations of rubbish and refuses are found in many other

localities like Bara Bazar and Vaivakawn. At Vaivakawn all sorts of refuses are accumulated on the street - producing terrible odour. If those refuses are not going to be removed, it might be better if the street is not swept. Do Government intend to continue accumulation of rubbish and refuses and leave them on the street like that ?

PU LALRUNLIANA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, How many vehicles do Local Administration Department have to dispose of town-rubbish and refuses, for I have noticed that Bara Bazar rubbish and refused are left for almost two weeks ?

PU P.B.NIKHUMA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, As regards, Pu Dotinaia's question - Yes, Government will try to keep the said step clean in future too.

Pu Chawngkunga's question regarding accumulation of rubbish and refuses on the street - Government will not try to accumulate rubbish just to leave them on the street.

As for the number of Vehicles possessed by L.A.D. for the disposal of rubbish and town refuses - in a way, it is a shame to say that at present, E.A.D. have only one Vehicle and one Tractor to dispose of all the town rubbish.

SPEAKER : Question No.33 Pu Dotinaia's question.

\*33.PU R.DOTINAIA : Will the Hon'ble Minister i/c of the Local Administration Department be pleased to state-

(a) Is it a fact that the Circle Officer, L.A.D., Lunglei has deducted 2% out of Contractors' bill (Amount) to be utilised for making office furniture ?

(b) If so, why ?

PU P.B.NIKHUMA : Mr. Speaker Sir,

(a) No.

(b) Does not arise.

PU R.DOTINAIA : Mr. Speaker Sir, Supplementary question - It so happened that one of the towns in Lunglei District was given work-order - renovation of roads and Construction of Steps, by L.A.D. After completion, when the Contractors went to draw their Bills, the Department made deduction of 2% from their total Bill. I know it will be disappointing for the Contractors..... (Speaker - that side of thing must not be said much as we still have many more questions to be taken up). What I wanted to know is whether the Department supply Furniture to Lunglei, L.A.D. Office. If they are supplied, are they (L.A.D. Office) given Order by Contractors' Bill? And what kind of action will be taken if the Department concerned make deduction without being ordered by Directorate ?

\* Directorate to deduct 2% from the

PU CHAWNGKUNGA : Mr. Speaker Sir, Even last night, I had a talk with these Contractors from whose Bill 2% were deducted by L.A.D. Was the action taken with the permission of Govt. or it was done at their own will ?

PU P.B.NIKHUMA :

DY. MINISTER : Mr. Speaker Sir, Regarding Pu Dotinaia's question - that the Department was supplied Office Furniture. They were not given order to deduct 2% from Contractors' Bill. And, there was no deduction either when the Bill was checked.

**Pu CHAWNGKUNGA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, definitely there was deduction.

**SPEAKER :** Question No. 34, Pu Dotinaia's question -

HEALTH & FAMILY DEPARTMENT

**\*34:PU R.DOTINAIA:** Will the Hon'ble Minister i/c of the Health & Family Planning Department be pleased to state -

(a) Is it a fact that approach road to latrine attached to Surgical Male ward (Western Side) is (too rough and) unfit for weak patients to walk on ?

**PU P.B.NIKHUMA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, Yes, it is a fact that the approach road to latrine attached to Surgical Male Ward (Western Side) is a bit rough for weak patients to walk on. Arrangement for improvement of the approach road is being taken up by the P.W.D.

**PU R.DOTINAIA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, I think we know that the Hospital we have been talking about is Aizawl Civil Hospital. As I myself have seen the approach road to latrine. We can't say that a weak patient would not fall down or perhaps die by falling on that rough road. Therefore, will the Govt. also repair latrines and its approach road belonging to the lower wards ?

**PU P.B.NIKHUMA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, I too have personally visited the said hospital, and we have given order to repair those latrines and their approach roads. Though it is not possible for the Govt. too to do all the necessary things at once, we are intending to repair/renovate not only the latrines but also the hospital itself.

**SPEAKER :** Question No. 35, Pu Hrangvela's question. If Pu Hrangvela is not present, we shall take Question No. 36, Pu Vanlalhruaia's question.

\*36: ~~BY~~ VANLALHRUAIA : Will the Hon'ble Minister i/c of the Health and Family Planning Department be pleased to state -

- (a) Whether it is a fact that a sum of about Rs.21,542.38 could not be handed over in cash in October, 1973 while there was a change of the Civil Surgeons, Aizawl District ?.
- (b) If so, has the amount been fully paid ?.
- (c) If the amount had not been paid what action has the Government taken against the defaulting persons?

PU P.B.NIKHUMA :  
DY. MINISTER

Mr. Speaker Sir,

- (a) Yes, there was a discrepancy involving an amount of Rs.21,542.38 in the Cash Book,
- (b) Not yet, the matter is under enquiry.
- (c) The Superintendent has been placed under suspension and enquiry is being conducted.

PU VANLALHRUAIA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, Supplementary question- I am very surprised that such a discrepancy involving an amount of

Rs.21,542.38P. could not be settled even after almost 3 long years. According to the accounts when there is money transaction, the Officer incharge, is supposed to sign verified and found correct' in the Cash Book at the end of each month, that is, if the account is correct.

Actually, there had been much talk regarding the matter. It has been said that Cash was correct where as the Account was incorrect. Hence, we have heard different stories. If I am not mistaken, I heard too that one person, in connection with this case, was suspended and an explanation was called for. So, his reply, which had been submitted on 8.11.73, was still unreplied.

Hence, is it a fact that his answer has not been replied till today ? . If yes, what is the reason ?.

PU P.B.NIKHUMA : Mr. Speaker, Sir, It appears that I  
DY. MINISTER have to give answer in detail. It  
was in the year 1973 (September)  
that C.B.I. was detailed to investigate the matter. Hence,  
all the documents were seized and the person who was sus-  
pected to be the culprit was suspended. But, as the sus-  
pended person had to hand over the Account Book to someone  
else, it was handed over to Civil Surgeon, writing in the  
Account Book all the findings of C.B.I. But, as Pu Vanlal-  
hruaia had stated, the person who was suspended in this case  
had, in reply to an explanation called for, stated his inno-  
cence. However, as all the documents and Cash Book are taken  
to Shillong by the C.B.I., we can't make any verification  
as to whether the statement given by the suspended person,  
was true. A letter was sent, requesting them to return those  
documents. But, as they failed to send back, an Officer  
was sent to get those documents as it is not possible to  
send such things by Mail. So, we are now preparing the pro-  
ceeding and the Charge Sheet too is under preparation.

PU VANLALHURUAIA : Mr. Speaker Sir, It is understood  
that Government would not keep such  
a huge extra amount of money just  
like that. So, were there any persons who claimed this  
money within that 3 years ?

PU P.B.NIKHUMA : Mr. Speaker Sir, We did not say that  
DY. MINISTER it is extra money. It is about dis-  
crepancy we are talking about.

PU VANLALHURUAIA : Mr. Speaker Sir, What I asked was  
whether there exist a person/persons  
who claim the money amounting to  
Rs. 21,542.38P.

PU P.B.NIKHUMA : Mr. Speaker Sir, Yes, there are some  
DY. MINISTER persons who claimed the money, but  
not the whole amount. But, we have  
not had any verified document.

PU R.ZOLIANA : Mr. Speaker Sir, Our Hon'ble Minister  
said that the case was taken up by CBI.  
At the same time he said that they have  
sent an Officer to get the documents and findings from Shi-  
llong. So, does this mean that Mizoram Government will take  
over the case from C.B.I.?



PU LALKUNGA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, I would like to know the person who was suspended.

PU P. B. NIKHUMA  
DY. MINISTER :

Mr. Speaker Sir, Pu Lalkunga's question - that the person who could not hand over all the amount to Civil Surgeon was suspended. What was Pu Zoliana's question ?

PU R. ZOLIANA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, my question was 'Why did Mizoram Govt. take over the case that had been disposed of by the C.B.I.?'.

PU P. B. NIKHUMA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, Documents seized by C.B.I. are not related to the shortage of Civil Surgeon's money. Documents were seized before the case of shortage of Civil Surgeon's money came up. One person was suspended in connection with the shortage of Civil Surgeon's money. And the charge was made by Mizoram Government.

SPEAKER :

Question No. 37, Pu Vanlahruaia's question.

Red Cross Jeep used for Escort Pilot of V.I.P.

\*37: PU VANLAHRUAIA: Will the Hon'ble Minister i/c Health and Family Planning Department be pleased to state -

- (a) Whether it is a fact that the Red Cross Jeep had been used for escort Pilot of a V.I.P. visiting Lunglei and Chhintuipui Dist.
- (b) If so, how many times had the Jeep been used for such purpose and why ?

PU P. B. NIKHUMA :  
DY. MINISTER :

Mr. Speaker Sir,

- (a) Yes.
- (b) Only once as per report received was the Departmental Vehicle requisitioned on demand by the Security Force.

PU VANLAHRUAIA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, Supplementary Question—As far as my knowledge is concerned, I never heard anyone used/using Red Cross Jeep for escort Pilot.

I am surprised too that our Government could requisit on it for escort Pilot. If I am not mistaken, I heard that the said Jeep was used three times for the same purpose, If so, will Govt. continue to use Red Cross Jeep for escort Pilot?. Is it legal to requisition Red Cross Vehicles for such purpose?.

PU R.ZOLIANA : Mr. Speaker Sir, Are not Govt. permitted to use Red Cross Vehicle?.  
If Red Cross Society once allotted Vehicle to any Government, I thought the Government concerned could use it for necessary purposes?. Once it is at their disposal, why can't Govt. use Red Cross Jeep for escort Pilot too?.

PU SAPLIANA : Mr. Speaker Sir, I would like to know the name and designation of the V.I.P. for whom Red Cross Jeep was requisitioned?. Can't Govt. find any other Vehicle except Red Cross Jeep?. And why did Security Forces demand none other than Red Cross Jeep?. I would also like to know the District and the Hospital to which this Red Cross Jeep belongs.

PU P.B.NIKHUMA : Mr. Speaker Sir, Pu Vanlalhrauaia's question - Govt. have no knowledge that Red Cross Jeep had been used three times. In his report, Civil Surgeon, Lunglei stated the using of Red Cross Jeep for escort Pilot by V.I.P. That also only once. But, Lunglei D.C. had been informed not to again requisition Red Cross Jeep for such purpose. If the said Jeep was used again after this, we have no knowledge of that. Regarding Pu Sapliana's question - that V.I.P. was a Minister. And the Vehicle belongs to Lunglei Hospital. As regards Pu Zoliana's question - I too thought that Govt. could use even Red Cross Jeeps for necessary purposes. And what I said of Security Forces, that it was from D.C. that the requisition came.

SPEAKER : Question No.38, Pu Ngurdawla's question.

No. of persons suffering from Leprosy and Small-pox in Mizoram since 1972.

\*38:PU NGURDAWLA : Will the Hon'ble Minister i/c Health & Family Planning Department be pleased to state -

- (a) How many persons are suffering from Leprosy and Small-pox respectively in Mizoram since the year 1972 upto date ?
- (b) What kinds of help have been given to them (Patient) by the Deptt. ?

PU P.B.NIKHUMA  
DY. MINISTER :

Mr. Speaker Sir,

(a) (1) Leprosy: 171 upto Aug., 1975  
Leprosy Worker/Staff not yet in position hence figures not collected and could not be furnished.

1973 - 74 : 102

1974 - 75 : 171

(11) Small-Pox: Once case was detected in the last week of April, 1973 among the BRTF Labourers from Bihar.

(b) (1) Leprosy: All the 102 lepers were given Rs. 150/- each from Govt. Grant-in-aid in 1973-74 and treatment given at our S.E.T. Centre at Tlabung and Chawngte; and the grant for 1974-75 is under finalisation.

(11) Small-Pox: The one which was detected in the year '73 had been given treatment and was cured with no other cases.

PU SAPLIANZ :

Mr. Speaker Sir, According to the explanations given by our Hon'ble Minister, it appears that Chawngte and Tlabung were regarded as same and one centre. Anyhow, what I wanted to know is whether workers/Staff are posted at Tlabung and at Chawngte to give lepers treatment. If posted, who were they ? And how were those lepers treated or what kind of treatments was given to them ? And where one Small-pox case detected was given treatment ?

PU SANGKHUMA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, Have the Department discovered the cause of spread of Leprosy cases in Mizoram? Do Govt, intend to set up a separate colony for lepers as we know that Leprosy is an infectious disease ?

Whether the Govt. considered it to be sufficient to give grants-in-aid to lepers ?

.....12/-

PU R.DOTINAIA : Mr. Speaker, Sir, Are these lepers Mizos or Non-Mizos ?.

PU P.B.NIKHUMA : Mr. Speaker Sir, as regards Pu Sapliana's  
DY. MINISTER : question - the person infected with small pox was Shri Lukhumarandhi, B.R.T.F. Labourer from Bihar. He was isolated at Khawzawl Camp in 1973. He was given treatment by B.R.T.F. Doctors as well as Dr. Shahu sent by the Medical Department.

In reply to Pu Sangkhuma's question- that lepers were given Rs. 150/- each after which treatments were given. For treatment, usually, one kind of tablets called 'Daption' is given to them.

Regarding Pu Dotinaaa's question- though, the outward appearances of Leprosy cases were cured for the time being, it is not possible for the Medical Department to know whether they were completely cured unless 5 years lapse, as there can be eruption in this case.

Pu Sapliana asked the names of the persons/Staff who were posted at Chawngte and at Demagiri to give lepers treatment. But, I am sorry to inform you that I could not remember their names right now. However, I know that Non-Medical Staff - Supervisor, Para Medical Assistant, Leprosy injector and Leprosy Social Worker were posted at the five Survey Centres respectively. These Centres are Chawngte, Demagiri, Borapansuri, Tuipuibari and Marpara. Though we have not had separate Wing or Department for Leprosy cases, I hope we would soon be able to have. Finance concurrence had also been obtained for the creation of District Leprosy Officer's post as well as for other Staff's posts under the same Wing/Department.

As regards Pu Sangkhuma's question- that Govt. have not had any intention to set up separate Colony for lepers. Though there was a suggestion for setting up such Colony during the erstwhile Assm Govt., Government of India have now stopped practising establishment of separate Colony for lepers due to increase in family member of lepers who are also supported by the Government. Moreover, Govt. is now intending to establish 20 bedded Temporary Hospitalization ward for lepers at Tlabung (Demagiri). But, there is no intention to set up separate Colony.

PU CHAWNGKUNGA : Mr. Speaker Sir, Did the Govt. know that Leprosy is widely spread by the refugees from Bangladesh ?.

PU P.B.NIKHUMA : Mr. Speaker Sir, though Govt. have no  
DY. MINISTER : proof that Leprosy is spread by those refugees, it is noticed that Leprosy case is mostly found in Western belt particularly at Demagiri, Chawngte, Tuipuibari and at Chakma areas.

.....13/-

SPEAKER :

Question No.39, Pu Ngurdawla's question.

No. of persons suffering from Malaria according to Departmental Records since 1st January to 1st September, 1975.

\*39:PU NGURDAWLA : Will the Hon'ble Minister i/c Health and Family Planning Department be pleased to state -

- (a) How many persons suffered or are suffering from Malaria Fever according to the Departmental Records since January, 1975 upto September 1975.?
- (b) Is the D.D.T. presently used by the Malaria Eradication Department the same as the one used during the 4th Five year Plan ?.

PU P.B.NIKHUMA:  
DY. MINISTER

Mr. Speaker Sir,  
(a) 6,389 persons.  
(b) Yes.

SPEAKER :

Question No. 40, Pu Dotinaia's question.

Receipt of Rs.6,000/- only out of the total sanctioned Rs.12,500/- for N.Vanlaiphai L.P.School - I.

\*40:PU R.DOTINAIA : Will the hon'ble Minister i/c Education Department be pleased to state-

- (a) Whether it is a fact that L.P. School I at N.Vanlaiphai has received Rs.6,000/- only as a building grant whereas Govt.has sanctioned Rs. 12,500/- for that purpose since 1972 ?.
- (b) If so, why. ?.
- (c) Where is the balance amount of Rs. 6,500/-?.

PU VAIVENGA  
EDUCATION MINISTER:

Mr. Speaker Sir,

- (a) Yes.
- (b)& (c) Rs. 5,000/- sanctioned during 1972-73 and Rs. 1,000/- sanctioned during 1973-74 were for construction/repair of the School building and were duly received by the N.Vanlaiphai L.P.School - I..

.....14/-

Sanction of Rs.4,000/- during 1973-74 and Rs.2,500/- during 1974-75 were, however, specifically made for the purpose of accomodation of the Nursery section in N.Vanlaiphai. These amounts (i.e. Rs.4,000/- + Rs.2,500/-) it is true, were originally sanctioned in the name of N.Vanlaiphai L.P.School-I. But they were subsequently diverted to N.Vanlaiphai L.P. School-II by the D.I. of Schools, Aizawl (East) as he considered L.P.School-II a more suitable one for amalgamation of the Nursery School in the Village. Hence, the balance amount of Rs.6,500/- was paid to L.P.School II instead and not to L.P.School-I.

**PU R.DOTINAIA :** Mr.Speaker Sir, the reply to my question was quite confusing I should say. Our Hon'ble Minister stated as giving the remaining amount- Rs.6,500/- to L.P.School-II of the same Village i.e N.Vanlaiphai. But, I want to tell you that there was separate sanction for L.P.School II and that the remaining amount was meant for L.P.School-I though they have never received it. Of Rs.12,500/- sanctioned in the name of L.P.School-I, only Rs.6,000/- was drawn at first instalment. The remaining amount- Rs.6,500/-, though to be drawn at second instalment was never received. It is obvious that the amount did not reach L.P.School I. So, where had these money gone to ?. In whose possession it is now ?.

**PU RO.ZOLIANA :** Mr.Speaker Sir, If Rs. 12,500/- was sanctioned in the name of L.P.School I, why Govt. divert the remaining Rs. 6,500/- for L.P.School-II ?.

**PU VAIVENGA :** Mr.Speaker Sir, as I have said before, the remaining amount i.e. Rs.6,500/- was diverted by D.D. for L.P.School II as L.P. School - I had by this time been more facilitated.

**SPEAKER :** Question No.41, Pu Ngurdawla's question-

**REVENUE DEPARTMENT**

Cancellation of settled passes without giving due compensation.

**\*41. PU NGURDAWLA:** Will the hon'ble Minister i/c Revenue Department be pleased to state -

(a) How many land settlement Certificates of Lands/Houses Sites were cancelled during the current year up-to-date ?.

.....15/-

(b) Was there any compensation to the Pass Holders ?

(c) What provision of rule authorises the Govt. to cancel the Settled passes without giving due compensation ?

PU. VAIVENGA :  
MINISTER

Mr. Speaker Sir,

(a) 15 (fifteen) nos. of LSC of House sites were cancelled during the current year as shown in "Appendix-I".

APPENDIX I

List of L.S.C. cancelled.

| <u>Sl. No.</u> | <u>Name of L.S.C. Holders</u> | <u>L.S.C. No.</u> | <u>Location.</u>                                 |
|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| 1.             | Sub-Maj. L. Bana              | 771 of 1974       | 1st A.R. Area,                                   |
| 2.             | Nk. Lalzuithanga              | 265 of 1973       | -do- (AIZAWL)                                    |
| 3.             | Lawmkunga                     | 398 of 1973       | -do-   |
| 4.             | Hrangthanga Colney            | 836 of 1973       | -do-   |
| 5.             | C. Lianzama                   | 692 of 1973       | -do-   |
| 6.             | R. Zadingsa                   | 709 of 1973       | -do-   |
| 7.             | Lalthanzama                   | 506 of 1974       | -do-   |
| 8.             | Rochungnungga                 | 415 of 1974       | -do-   |
| 9.             | T. L. Parliana                | 447 of 1973       | -do-   |
| 10.            | V. L. Chhunga                 | 322 of 1973       | -do-   |
| 11.            | R. Kaichbunga                 | 339 of 1973       | -do-   |
| 12.            | Sawilaia                      | 209 of 1973       | -do-   |
| 13.            | Chanluasia                    | 35 of 1975        | Dinthar Veng, Aizawl.                            |
| 14.            | Tlangruali                    | 31 of 1973        | Chaltlang, Aizawl.                               |
| 15.            | Chanhlira                     | 226 of 1972       | All India Radio Compound, Tui-khuahlang, Aizawl. |

(b) None of the L.S.C. holders were given any compensation on account of the fact that the lands in question covered by such Settlement Certificates were subsequently found to be not free.

..... 16/-

(c) Section 8 of the Mizo District (Land and Revenue) Act, 1956 provides for power to allot sites etc. only on free and vacant lands but the sites covered by such Passes fall on lands which are not free and vacant, making the allotments ultra-vires, on the part of the Govt. Hence cancellation.

PU C. LALRUATA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, was there any cancellation of land/house site within Lunglei Civil Hospital Compound? If yes, was the cancellation successful?

PU IALHLIRA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, were there any Settlement Certificates of Lands/Houses Sites cancelled in All India Radio compound? If yes, who were the Card holders and what were their names? And why did not Govt. give them compensation?

PU VAIVENGA :  
MINISTER

Mr. Speaker Sir, I am sorry that I do not know about Lunglei. But, the person whose house-site had been cancelled in All India Radio area was Shri Thanhlira. As that area too belongs to Assam Rifles, his settlement pass was cancelled at the time when Assam Rifles handed over this area to All India Radio.

PU C. LALRUATA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, had not Pu Thanhlira been allotted House-site before demarcation of All India Radio area?

PU VAIVENGA :  
MINISTER

Mr. Speaker Sir, True, Pu Thanhlira was allotted before Assam Rifles handed over their land to All India Radio. But, cancellation was done only this year.

PU R. DOMINATA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, even if the area belongs to Assam Rifles, does the whole area in Mizoram belong to Mizoram Govt.? Is it not corruption, to takeaway/cancel land or house-sites for which Land Settlement Certificate had once been issued? Is there no Anti-Corruption Deptt. in Mizoram?



PU C. CHAWNGKUNGA : Mr. Speaker Sir, Will Govt. go on giving away lands to Assam Rifles whenever they make a claim? Or would they go on cancelling lands/house sites just because Assam Rifles claimed them as their lands? Cannot Govt. cancel their lands instead of giving them?

PU VAIVENGA MINISTER : Mr. Speaker Sir, Not only Assam Rifles, but other Deptts. too have compound of their own. Hence, Govt. cannot simply allot lands/house-sites that were within the area of any Deptt.

SPEAKER : Question No. 42, Pu Ngurdawla's question. (Pu Ngurdawla absent).

SPEAKER : Question No. 43, Pu Ngurdawla, (Pu Ngurdawla absent).

PU LAIHLIRA : Mr. Speaker Sir, as I am entrusted by Pu Ngurdawla, may I ask his question No. 43?

SPEAKER : No, it is not possible if he (Pu Ngurdawla) did not inform the House before. Now, question No. 44, Pu C. Lalruata's question.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT

- \*44. PU C. LALRUATA : Will the hon'ble Minister i/c Supply and Transport Deptt. be pleased to state -
- (a) Is it a fact that Sugar has been issued to various Grouping Centres?
  - (b) If yes, did the Govt. issue Sugar to Lungpho G.C. during the period from 1st April, 1975 to 31st August, 1975?
  - (c) If answer to (b) is in affirmative, what was the quantity so far issued?

PU LAISANGZUALA :  
MINISTER

Mr. Speaker Sir,

- (a) Yes.
- (b) No.
- (c) Does not arise.

PU C. LALRUATA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, Whenever I mention about Lungpho Village, our Members used to laugh at it. But, what I mentioned was not a thing that concerns only Lungpho G.C. As a matter of fact, what I mentioned and asked concerns all the Grouping Centres of Mizoram. I mentioned about Lungpho just for an example, to tell you that though Govt. issued certain quantity of Sugar to each Group Centre, town and village, there are some villages/Group Centres who for a long time, have not received their quota of Sugar. One of such villages was Lungpho.

PU LAISANGZUALA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, though Govt. issued sugar for each Group Centre/Village, we do not simply supply them if there is no such commodity. Unlike Rice, issue of sugar is done in repayment. Particularly Lungpho Village, once there was a demand for supply of sugar during the period from 1st April 1975 - 31st August 1975. Though one who demanded for issue of sugar to Lungpho was not a Retailer, Govt. issued an order of Supply of sugar to the people of Lungpho through the Retailer. But, as the retailer was no more a retailer, order was again cancelled.

PU C. LALRUATA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, I am afraid our Hon'ble Minister gave wrong information. As it is the affair of my constituency I know how many times demand for issue of sugar was made. The Retailer himself had approached me more than 2/3 times regarding this. I used to accompany him too when he (Retailer) went to Supply Office. Therefore, I request the Govt. to give the House wrong information. I would also like to know whether Govt. will issue sugar to them if there is again a demand. And why did Govt. always do issuing of Rice and Sugar to Lungpho, not through Retailer ?

PU R. DOTINAIA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, from January of this year till date, question (a) is relevant. I would like to know how many quintals of sugar had been issued to Lungdar G.C.

PU SAPLIANA : Mr. Speaker Sir, if Govt. did not issue sugar to Grouping Centres without demand from A.Os or Retailers, did they (Govt.) issue an Order to the Grouping Centres to demand for supply of the said commodity ?

PU C. CHAWNGKUNGA : Mr. Speaker Sir, It appears that Mizoram is moving in a funny way. While town residents are given 3 Kgs. of rice, villagers are given only 2 Kgs. And, while sugar is issued to town people, nothing is issued to Villages, though town dwellers could easily obtain rice and sugar without making demand. Anyway, are there any persons in Grouping Centres who were given these supply commodities not through Retailers ?

PU NGURDAWIA : Mr. Speaker Sir, Are Village Council Presidents informed of the exact quantity of sugar issued to their respective villages through A.Os or Retailers ? If not, can they be informed, for, when they are not informed, some portions from their quota are sold in Market or elsewhere which is surely corruptive activity. Hence, can Govt. give information to V/C Presidents more extensively so as to prevent such corruption ?

PU LAISANGZUALA : Mr. Speaker, Sir, Pu Ruata's question regarding the issuing of Sugar and Rice - as question No. 45 contained this question, I think I better answer it later on. (Speaker - You better answer it now, for there wouldn't be any time afterwards). Particularly Lungpho Village, a demand came from the A.O. for 300 quintals of rice after it was believed that they would not need rice supply for the current year. So, arrangement was made for them (the people of Lungpho) to draw their quota of ration from Chhingchhip Grouping Centre.

As regards sugar if there comes a demand from Lungpho, we will have to consider it, as we always did for others as well. But, due to certain difficulties in Transport subsidy, we cannot issue sugar to Villages Weekly. The main reason for not issuing sugar to Villages without demand from A.O. or Retailer is because of re-sale on their part which we have found out in Markets or elsewhere.

As regards Pu Sapliana's question - through A.Os and Retailers are not given Order copy to demand for issue of sugar, the present method of issuing is being practised since the last 3 years till date.

.....20/-

Pu Chawngkunga said that the quantity of rice and sugar issued to Villages is lesser than the quantity issued for town-residents, which is of course a fact. But, most of the villagers being cultivators, they do not have to depend wholly on Govt. rice as townswellers did. That is the reason why we issue more quantity for towns. It is also a fact that rice and sugar are sometimes issued to persons other than retailer, that is, if she/he is given an Authority Slip. As it is not easy for the Retailer to often come to Aizawl due to bad communication, the Department used to issue their quota through the person authorised.

Pu Ngurdawla asked whether or not V/C Presidents are informed of the quantity of sugar/rice issued to their respective Villages. That, V/C Presidents have never been informed. Usually, Order is given to the Retailer while the order copy is given to the A.O. concerned, as it is he/she (the A.O) who is responsible for checking the activity of the Retailer. But, due to misappropriation and shortage of supply commodities, new order is being issued for the V/C President or one of the V/C Members to give their signature in the Challan besides the signature of Govt. employee.

PU C.IALRUATA : Mr. Speaker Sir, How did and what for Supply Deptt. appoint Retailer for Lungpho Village since rice was issued not through him and no sugar was issued either ?

PU LAISANGZUALA : Mr. Speaker Sir, as far as sugar is concerned, I have told you that in the month of June the Deptt. was given an Order to issue sugar to Lungpho Village, but the Retailer did not turn up to receive it. So, that was that. Anyway, sugar will be issued to them through the Retailer.

For rice commodities - there are certain difficulties in Head Load transportation. The people are not too enthusiastic in conveying the Commodities if it is not meant for their respective families. However, Govt. is searching for better means of transport to convey supplies to Lungpho and to Reiek.

SPAKER : Question hour is over. Now we will proceed to our next item- Item No. 2 . As the term of Members of various Assembly Committee is now coming to an end, new Members will be announced now. And these committees are to be effective from 1st October -

Particularly Moghul Garden and other botanical gardens I have seen in many parts of India when we went on all India tour deeply inspired me to establish Flower Garden. While other states have Flower Gardens where variety of flowers bloom beautifully thus giving joy and happiness to whoever comes to watch their beauty, Mizoram have none, which, I must say, is a sad case. In every civilized country, you will find Flower Garden. Actually, many beautiful Flowers that we found in Kashmir play an important part in popularizing and beautifying the place itself. Those beautiful flowers and exotic plants we found in Kashmir did not spring up by themselves, in fact, they are planted by the Government. Though, Mizoram is poetically described as a hilly flowered place, it is no more comparable to the beauty of flowers grown in other places of India. If our beautiful flowers are scattered here and there, how would outsiders appreciate them. Therefore, what we should do is that we should collect variety of flowers and wild plants which we find in Mizoram and plant or grow them in Government's Flower Garden. Collection of flower and plant would also be one part of education and we would know too what kind of plants/flowers are found in Mizoram. Besides this, I think Flower garden could as well have contribution to our economy. For instance - We know that Orchids being rare flower in other parts of the world, have high value, particularly in America and England where the price of Orchid could come up to 200 dollars. So, if we could collect many variety of Orchids we find almost in each and every corner of Mizoram, we can sell or export them elsewhere thus making addition to our economy.

Not only for economy reason, it appears that flower is cherished and valued in every Society. It is used for decoration of Compound/houses which shows our love for flowers. If we establish Flower garden, it will be a good thing to have its Nursery along. However, without my saying I am sure our members know better than me the necessity of establishing Flower garden. No doubt, there are other important things that have to be done in Mizoram. It is not always possible due to financial difficulty. But, my resolution is practicable and we would not require so much money either. Though there are places where there is potentiality for establishing Flower Garden, I think Lengpui is the most suitable place of all. When we have railway lines, better Airports and other tourist attractions, our Flower garden will be a suitable place for picnic or for a place where we would peacefully rest at the same time while watching the beauty of Flowers. I am not only proud of its potentiality but, Lengpui has good climate. It is neither too cold nor too hot. And as Coconut Tree can be grown, we can as well grow them in the garden; beneath the Coconut trees, variety of flowers will bloom, so that not only the people of Mizoram, but also the people of other places could enjoy nature's gift i.e flowers.

...../-

Having seen various flower gardens of other states, I really long to have at least one such garden. As it is not a very difficult task, I request our Members to pass this resolution.

**PU HRANGAIA :** Mr. Speaker, Sir, What had been suggested by Pu Ngurdawla was a thing I too appreciate. I accepted too the place (Lengpui) he chose for the establishment of flower garden. But as he had amended, I presume we can recommend other places. Of the suitable places, I think Thenzawl would be most suitable as there are many other natural wonders to be seen. Not only that, there are rivers, streamlets/brooks for tending/watching flowers. Most of the flower gardens I have seen in different parts of India have river or small brook nearby. If there is enough water nearby, we can as well construct dam for electricity and if there is electricity, fountains can be constructed in the garden. I too can imagine how those beautiful flowers would look in the electric light or may be in psychedelic light. During the erstwhile Mizo District Council, Lengpui and Thenzawl were recommended for Model Villages, Hence, if flower gardens are set up at both Lengpui and Thenzawl, I think they will be successful. As Pu Ngurdawla had said, I believe there are many Orchids even at Thenzawl, not only at Lengpui. Though Pu Ngurdawla recommended only Lengpui, I want to recommend both Lengpui and Thenzawl for the establishment of flower garden. What I suggest is that Government establish flower garden both at Lengpui and at Thenzawl.

Thank you.

**PU LALELIRA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, I would like to say few things regarding Pu Ngurdawla's resolution. I am really glad that a resolution had been brought up for the establishment of flower garden. I hope we would pass it. As we know Mizoram has tropical forests where many variety of flowers grow. But, as our flowers are not preserved for many years, it might not be easy to collect them especially after they have been heedlessly destroyed by human beings. From every direction, B.R.T.R. and Security Forces brought Orchids of different variety as the people do not know their value. However, it appears that we have now come to know their value which prompted our Members Pu Ngurdawla to move resolution on preservation of our Flowers for which I am glad. Though, I don't dislike Lengpui for the place where to set up flower garden (since it is not very far from Aizawl) I think we should also set up the same in other places too as there are many beautiful Flowers that can not be grown in warm climate for instance - Flowers we find in Phawngpui Mountain. We should start establishing such garden at Lengpui and then to other places. Therefore, we must pass this resolution.

Thank you.

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**SPEAKER :** If there is no more to say can the resolution be taken up for passing now? Let me read out the resolution as it was amended. 'This Assembly is of opinion that Mizoram flower garden should be established at vicinity of Lengpui Grouping Centre or at any other suitable places'. Anyone who agrees to pass this resolution say agree (Members - 'Agree'). Anyone who disagree to its passing? If you all agree to pass this resolution, it is now passed. Now, we will take up Resolution No.3, Pu Sapliana's resolution.

**PU SAPLIANA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, I don't intend to move my resolution No.3.

**SPEAKER :** All right, Resolution No.4, Pu Sapliana's resolution.

**PU SAPLIANA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, thank you for allowing me to move my resolution No.4 as it is amended. My resolution is that "This Assembly is of the opinion that the Government of Mizoram do take steps to move the Government of India to establish and maintain a University College in the capital of Mizoram as provided for in Section 5(14) of the North Eastern Hill University Act, 1973, in the interest of the public. I think there is not much to say regarding this resolution as its wording explains everything clearly. As far as the Mizo people could remember, Education in Mizoram, was first started by English Missionaries who came to Mizoram to preach the Gospel. That was not a very long time back. But, after Mizoram (previously known as Lushai Hills) had District Council of its own, education improved immensely. Considering our literacy percentage, it is obvious that the people of Mizoram have great enthusiasm for learning/education. Before India gained Independence, it was not easy for us to pursue higher studies even if we were interested. But, after Independence things have changed and now, especially after the year 1950, many new schools, have been opened. I think it won't be too wrong to say that now, every village has at least 1 Primary School, not to say M.E. School. Not only that, higher institutions like High Schools and Colleges are opened in many parts of Mizoram. Thus since the establishment of Colleges and Schools, students who want to pursue higher studies do not have to go outside Mizoram anymore, thus saving their economy. The people are much relieved by this opportunity, for previously, students had to spend much money, not only for study but for their coming and going outside Mizoram. However, when I see lots of students who still had to study outside Mizoram, I think, perhaps, that we have not had enough Colleges to accomodate our students. It is not that I have low opinion of the teaching standard of our Colleges and High Schools, I feel that we still need other Colleges which will be sponsored by University.

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Under the present circumstances, it appears that it is inevitably necessary for some students to go outside Mizoram due to limitation of seats here in our Colleges and also perhaps to acquire wider knowledge. As a consequence, many students go to different places outside Mizoram, some of them to Shillong where there are many good Colleges mostly run by foreign Missionaries like Roman Catholic. As we all know, Mizoram Government have many difficulties regarding the scholarship, accomodation and College seats of these students. As we cannot bear to see our own students without any place/house to accomodate themselves, I think we should establish more Colleges so that our students do not have to trouble themselves outside Mizoram. If we could have good Colleges besides few Colleges we now have, there would also be lesser students to worry about for the Government.

Yesterday, a Bill was passed for creation of separate Board of Secondary Education for Mizoram. Hence, H.S.L.C. examinations are now to be conducted by our own Board. The reason for wanting to have separate Board is obvious. As we all know, when we were under Assam University, the medium of instruction in Institutions from lowest to highest was changed into Assamese medium which really troubled us. Though we are now under Hills University, there might again be change of language used for medium of instruction which would again give us another headache. We might also want to study our own state language. Considering all these, it is really important to be able to look after our own state even in regard to education. To prepare ourselves for such possibility, College level is very much important. Though Mizoram have Colleges, most of them do not have variety of subjects to offer. Students who have strong desire to take up Science/Commerce subject could not do so as there is no scope offered in most of the Colleges. As was our condition, I request the Government to remember when they move Govt. of India to establish University Colleges, that those Colleges have variety of subjects like Science, Commerce Arts etc. to offer their students like for instance - St. Edmund's College or St. Anthony's College, Shillong. I feel too that it is important to open new opportunity for studying subjects that cannot be now studied within Mizoram. If such Colleges are established in Mizoram, the people as a whole would surely improve in all walks of life.

Colleges we have in Mizoram are not altogether Government. Colleges. Some of them are still private undertaking. Type of College I have suggested is a College conducted and run by University. When we have good Colleges, there used to be much competition among them which resulted in high percentage in the Examination.



We can't deny the fact that disintegration has now paved its way even in North Eastern regions and we know the difficulty of getting seat for us in other places, particularly at College level. Under such circumstances it is really necessary to have more Colleges. We, the Mizos are, as we have often said, lovers of education.

Though we may be very advanced in other things, it is always good education that lifts the living standard of the masses. It is obvious that the number of Colleges we now have cannot meet the requirements of the people. If there is at least one more Government College, students who want to continue their studies but cannot afford to do so, would be able to study without having to go outside Mizoram which they can't afford. When Lunglei High School was established, the people were so glad that a song was composed in honour of it. Let me mention only 2 stanzas of this song to show how much we long for the opportunity to pursue higher studies.

1. Chhintlang High School ...

As was how our elderly people too have an attitude towards education, we should establish a type of college I have suggested,

SPEAKER :

Time is up. I think you better continue it in the afternoon sitting. We will have recess now and the meeting will be resumed at 2 P.M.

Afternoon Sitting 2 P.M.

SPAKER :

We will first of all call upon Pu Sapliana to continue his speech.

PU SAPLIANA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, I request the House to accept and pass my resolution as it is a thing of much importance.

Thank you.

PU C. LALRUATA :

Mr. Speaker Sir, I do really appreciate the resolution moved by Pu Sapliana and I think we should pass it and I hope too we pass it. However, I think Government would do well in not changing 3/4 Colleges we now have into University Constituent Colleges when the establishment of such college is moved. University constituent College must have separate set up while our present Colleges would go on existing as they are now.

What I wanted to say next regarding this resolution was that I think its ideal is a bit narrow as it recommends only the capital for a place to establish such College. It appears that the people accepted it as a principle/fact that Aizawl is the only place where various Institutions and important Offices are to be launched. Moreover, as we have often said here in the House, opportunity must be opened also for the people of villages to enjoy facility for developments in their own places.

In case of University Constituent College too, I think we should open it somewhere else like Champhai, Saiha, Lunglei or at Serchhip. Serchhip would be very convenient for opening such College. If there has not yet been any amendment in this resolution, would it be possible to amend 'in the capital of Mizoram' as 'at any convenient place in Mizoram' so that such College can be opened at any suitable place.

As Pu Sapliana had stated, it is a fact that students always have difficulty in getting admission here in our Colleges. I request the Education Minister to note this that according to my knowledge, it appears that there used to be partiality in admitting students at the only Government College we have in Aizawl. Recently, one student who was seeking admission in that College came to me. According to his narration, (which was true I believe) he had gone first to Gahhati seeking admission. But, as he could not get admission there, he came back to Aizawl. When he returned, admission in our Government College was already closed. However, he, being determined student who wished to take up Science subject, applied for admission. As he was already late, I understand he was not accepted. But what I don't like is that after his application was rejected, two more students were admitted. Though I did not confirm who they were, I believe they were from well-to-do families. If such partiality really exists and if the Principal really did like that I wonder how will the poorer section of the people would manage. Not that I want the Principal or the authority concerned to withdraw the admission of these two students or that I want one student I have mentioned to be given admission, but if other two students can be admitted, why can't they admit one student? I hope such partiality never exists again in future.

PU NGURDAWLA : Mr. Speaker Sir, Studying our resolution, I think the view points of both the mover and Pu Lalruata can be accepted. However, in my opinion, our resolutions should be specific if we think of its practicability. In case of University constituent College too, if such college is set up at the capital, it won't be difficult to set up Government Colleges in other places. Hence it might be the first practicable thing to set up at the capital.

As Pu Lalruata had said, I hope that the establishment of University Constituent College would set a new standard of education in Mizoram. I believe too that there will be competition among our Colleges when University College is started which, in the long run, would lead to better education and better standard in our Colleges. If we consider the advantages of having such College, I am sure all of us would agree to passing this resolution. As it is a thing of great importance, great care must be taken from the beginning. It is a fact that we all want our Colleges to be standard. But, if we have no good quality of teaching staff, we cannot expect to see our students with good results. And in regard to admission too, there must be a clear cut principle which should be followed at the time of admission. As our member had said, if University Constituent College is established in the capital, I think we should shift our Government College we now have to other places, perhaps at Serchhip or at Champhai. If there is to be University Constituent College, it might be important to know necessary ordinances if there is any. For instance - whether we have to have University campus before such College is established. However, I think University campus can be considered after the establishment of University College.

Being occupied with this subject at the moment, I would like to extend the subject to that of Mills University. As we know there are few Mizos who are teaching at the Mills University. Since they are only few in number, Government might do well in moving the authority concerned to recruit more number of Mizos as teaching staff.

Lastly, as it is real education our country needs, such institutions should immediately be opened and we must also see that our Education does not end when we leave institutions. Knowledge that had been imparted in the Colleges/Universities must play their part in moulding the character and personality of the students and also our education must be productive. Considering the advantages of having good colleges and institutions, I think we should all agree to passing this resolution and I hope we pass it.

PU R.ZOLIANA : Mr. Speaker Sir, It is very interesting to listen to the speeches of our members regarding the progress of education in Mizoram before and after Independence. However, it is not my opinion to name specific place for the establishment of such college. Whether it is established at the capital, Aizawl or in other places, the advantage would be all the same.

If we study North Eastern Hills University Act, we can believe that various states that are included in the Act will be immensely benefited by the establishment of Hills University. As a matter of fact, our neighbouring states like Meghalaya and Nagaland have achieved much progress not only in education but also in other fields of development since the establishment of this institution. When our neighbouring states have made use of this University, has Mizoram been benefited by it? Frankly speaking, Mizoram has not yet been much benefited. Under the present circumstances, I feel we should pass this resolution. In fact, I think it is inevitably necessary to pass this resolution as it is the first step that can be taken for further and better education. If University Constituent College is established in Mizoram, it will be the first thing we gain by N.E.H.U. Having noticed the efforts put forth by our neighbouring states, I think we too should try our best to take the advantage of this Hills University. As I have said, University College is a Key to better development in education. Therefore, I feel we should indeed, pass this resolution. However, I don't think we should trouble ourselves as regards the place the spot where such College is established. When the time comes, Government can arrange the convenient/suitable place for establishing such College. Moreover, what I am afraid is that the people and the Government of Mizoram may not fully realize the importance of this Hills University which in the long run can effect our educational line. As such, Government and the Educational authorities would do well in taking great care when they deal with this University. Lastly, I must once again admit my strong desire to pass this resolution.

SPEAKER :                    Though we have listened quite enough, we have not heard anyone speak up in protest against passing of this resolution. So I think we better say no more. But, if Education Minister has anything to say regarding this, we will call upon him now.

PU VATVENGA :                Mr. Speaker Sir, I am glad that our  
MINISTER                      Member moved such resolution which we all appreciate. We too, have approached Vice-Chancellor for the establishment of University Constituent College in Mizoram. From what we gathered, it appears that the only difficulty for them lies in ordinance under the Act which they have not yet framed. However, if we pass this resolution, I believe, it will strengthen our previous action, and I do agree too to its passing. In our opinion, we thought we would open new University College not using the old ones as University Colleges, and I believe it is the way you wanted it as the opening of such College can as well lead to the establishment of Post-graduate University.

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But, it seems our opinion clashed in regard to the place for establishing such College. Though our Members have no specific place to suggest, We, on the otherhand regard University College as a model for our Colleges, which can be established anywhere. As we all have high hope in University College, we would be glad if our Members agree to passing this resolution.

**SPEAKER :** I believe the mover does not have anything more to say regarding this resolution. As you have all said, it appears that we all appreciate this resolution. But, as the idea of establishing such College is usually for post-graduate studies, it might not be possible to establish at different places. Being specific resolution, I hope our Members understand it.

Now, Pu Sapliana's resolution  
( 'This Assembly is of the opinion that the Government of Mizoram do take steps to move the Government of India to establish and maintain University College in the capital of Mizoram as provided in section 5 (14) of the North Eastern Hills University Act, 1973, in the interest of the public'.  
Anyone agrees to passing this resolution say 'agree'  
(Members - 'agree' ).  
Anyone who disagrees  
(Members kept silent).

Sincere, no one disagrees to its passing, Pu Sapliana's resolution is passed. I hope we would have time to finish today's business. We still have 3 resolutions to take up. Now, we will take up Resolution No.5, Pu Ngurdawla's resolution. We may move it now.

**PU C. LALRUATA :** Mr. Speaker Sir, I want to ask something before Pu Ngurdawla moves his resolution. According to our Rules, unless there is special permission, more than one private resolution cannot be taken up in a day. So, how do we take permission here as we have more than one resolution belonging to one Member.

**SPEAKER :** If those resolutions are included in the list of business, it means they are permitted as there is no other private resolution. If we don't do it like that, there would be no more private Members business to consider. Hence we will take up those resolutions today and if we cannot finish them today, we might as well as take another day. Now Pu Ngurdawla to move his resolution.

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PU NGURDAWLA : Mr. Speaker Sir, I do not intend to move my resolution, resolution No.5.

SPEAKER : Resolution No. 6, Pu Ngurdawla's resolution.

PU NGURDAWLA : Mr. Speaker Sir, I would not move resolution No. 6 too.

SPEAKER : Resolution No. 7, Pu Ngurdawla's resolution.

PU NGURDAWLA : Mr. Speaker Sir, that also I don't intend to move.

SPEAKER : In that case, we have now finished our business for today. Our sitting will be resumed on Monday, 29th Sept. at 11 A.M.

Meeting adjourned.